# American Dent-All, Inc.

Made in the USA

# **EVERSOFT**<sup>®</sup>

Nickel-Chrome with Gallium Soft Ceramic Alloy



Intended Use: Fabrication of Crown & Bridge metal-ceramic (ceramic-fused-metal) restoration

#### **Technical Data**

Melting Range	1150°C – 1259°C
Yield Strength	798 MPa
Tensile Strength	895 MPa
Density	8.09 (g/cc)
Elongation	3%
Coefficient of Liner Expansion	12.83 (25-500°C)

#### Composition

Niekel	670/
Nickel	67%
Chrome	13%
Molybdenum	13.2%
Gallium	4%
Aluminum	2.24%
Beryllium	1.31%
Titanium	0.30%
Silicon	<1%
Cobalt	<1%

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# WAXING:

Waxing procedure is very similar to the application of precious and semi-precious alloys. However, waxing could be as thin as 0.3 mm.

#### **SPRUEING:**

A- Direct for single units. Sprueing should be ¼ (6 mm) in length. Based on the size and the thickness of crowns, use 6-8 gauge sprues. B- Indirect, for multiple units. Use straight 8 gauge sprue, about 1/8" (3 or 4 mm) in length, and connect it to the unit. For long spanned bridges, use additional sprues connected to the last unit.

#### **INVESTING:**

Use high heat investments; follow the manufacturer's instructions carefully. Use debubblizer. Use one/two ring liner. After investment has set, scrape the top of the investment to allow gases to escape.

#### **BURNOUT:**

Place the ring in the furnace at room temperature (or as high as 600  $F^{\circ} = 315^{\circ}C$  if needed) increase the temperature to 1600  $F^{\circ}$  (872  $C^{\circ}$ ) with one hour holding time. Add 10/15 extra minutes for each additional ring.

#### **MELTING & CASTING:**

Can be melted with the induction machine or with gas/oxygen torch. A- Torch casting: Use multiple orifice torch tips. Do not use crucible used for other alloys. Move the torch allowing even distribution of heat. Adjust oxygen regulators at approximately 25-30 Lbs. Propane. Adjust valves until the inner flame cone is blue and approximately ½" long; the outside of the flame cone should be 3 ½" from the inner cone. Preheat the crucible.

Release the casting arm when the ingots lose definition and puddle: molten ingots usually vibrate from the force of the flame.

Bench cool the cast until the redness goes away.

B- Induction Casting: Set the temperature to 2700  $F^{\circ}$  (1480  $C^{\circ}$ ). Set the casting arm speed between 425 and 450 rpm.

When ingots pool together and shadow disappears, release the arm.

## **METAL FINISHING:**

Sandblast the investing with pure non-recycled aluminum oxide. Do not smooth the surface of the frame bearing porcelain. Use carbides, discs, diamonds and stones for metal finishing.

#### **METAL PREPERATION:**

Sandblast the area bearing porcelain and do not touch the area accepting porcelain. Clean with ultrasonic cleaner. Degassing the metal is to achieve the desirable oxidation. Place the metal work in a furnace at 1200  $F^{\circ}$  (650  $C^{\circ}$ ): create a vacuum and increase the temperature 100  $F^{\circ}$  (38  $C^{\circ}$ ) per minute to 1900  $F^{\circ}$  (1035  $C^{\circ}$ ); stop the vacuum and let it cool down.

#### **OPAQUE & PORCELAIN APPLICATION:**

Bonding slurry must be applied to all surface bearing porcelain. Apply slurry and dry it quickly in the oven with open muffle. Fire the slurry coating in ten degrees higher temperature as per instructions for opaque. For a quicker method, use the same procedure without degas procedure. Use opaque manufacturer's instructions. Try to complete opaque firing in a single step.

## **PORCELAIN APPLICATION:**

Follow the instructions of the ceramics manufacturers. Build up your porcelain and try to save extra firing.

Note: For best results use at least 50% new metal with 50% sandblasted and cleaned buttons.

Caution: This alloy contains Ni & Be, not to be used in individuals with Ni sensitivity. Inhalation of Be dust and fumes can be toxic, grind and polish with adequate ventilation, and wear protective clothing.



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